



# SS320 Phage Display ElectroCompetent Cells

Catalog #	Package Size
1272-12	6x50 µl
1272-24	12x50 µl
1274-24	6x100 µl
1274-48	12x100 µl

## Description

Intact Genomics SS320 (MC1061F<sup>λ</sup>) phage display electrocompetent cells are suitable for protein expression, general cloning, blue/white screening, M13 phage work and phage display protein expression.

## Specifications

Competent cell type:	ElectroCompetent
Species:	<i>E. coli</i>
Format:	Tubes
Transformation efficiency:	$\geq 5 \times 10^{10}$ cfu/µg pUC19 DNA
Blue/white screening:	Yes
Shipping condition:	Dry ice

## Reagents Needed for One Reaction

SS320 phage display electrocompetent cells:	25 µl
DNA (or pUC19 Control, 10 pg/µl):	1 µl
Recovery medium:	1 ml

## Storage

SS320 phage display electrocompetent cells:	-80 °C
pUC19 control DNA:	-20 °C
Recovery medium:	4 °C

## Genomic Features

Intact Genomics SS320 phage display electrocompetent cells have the following features:

- $>5 \times 10^{10}$  cfu/µg efficiency with electroporation.
- Non-amber suppressor strain (sometimes called MC1061F<sup>λ</sup>)

## Genotype

F'[proAB+ lacIq lacZΔM15 Tn10 (tetr)] hsdR mcrA0 araD139 Δ(araA-leu)7697 ΔlacX74 spoT1 galK λe14-galE rpsL thi

## Quality Control

Transformation efficiency is tested by using the pUC19 control DNA supplied with the kit and using the protocol given below. Transformation efficiency should be  $>5 \times 10^{10}$  CFU/µg pUC19 DNA. Untransformed cells are tested for appropriate antibiotic sensitivity.

## General Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when using Intact Genomics SS320 phage display electrocompetent cells:

- Handle competent cells gently as they are highly sensitive to changes in temperature or mechanical lysis caused by pipetting.
- Thaw competent cells on ice, and transform cells immediately following thawing. After adding DNA, mix by tapping the tube gently. Do not mix cells by pipetting or vortexing.

**Note:** A high-voltage electroporation apparatus such as Bio-Rad Gene Pulser II #165-2105, capable of generating field strengths of 16 kV/cm is required.

## Calculation of Transformation Efficiency

Transformation Efficiency (TE) is defined as the number of colony forming units (cfu) produced by transforming 1 µg of plasmid into a given volume of competent cells.

$$TE = \text{Colonies}/\mu\text{g}/\text{Dilution}$$

Transform 1 µl of (10 pg/µl) pUC19 control plasmid into 50 µl of cells, add 950 µl of Recovery Medium. Dilute 10 µl of this in 990 µl of Recovery Medium and plate 50 µl. Count the colonies on the plate the next day. If you count 100 colonies, the TE is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Colonies} &= 100 \\ \mu\text{g of DNA} &= 0.00001 \\ \text{Dilution} &= 50/1000 \times 10/1000 = 0.0005 \\ \text{TE} &= 100/.00001/.0005 = 2.0 \times 10^{10} \end{aligned}$$

## Transformation Protocol

Use this procedure to transform Intact Genomics SS320 phage display electrocompetent cells. Do not use these cells for chemically transformation.

- 1) Place sterile cuvettes and microcentrifuge tubes on ice.
- 2) Remove competent cells from the -80 °C freezer and thaw completely on wet ice (10-15 minutes).
- 3) Aliquot 1 µl (1 pg-10 ng) of DNA to the chilled microcentrifuge tubes on ice.
- 4) When the cells are thawed, add 25 µl of cells to each DNA tube on ice and mix gently by tapping 4-5 times. For the pUC19 control, add 1 µl of (10 pg/µl) DNA to the 25 µl of cells on ice. Mix well by tapping. Do not pipette up and down or vortex to mix, this can harm cells and decrease transformation efficiency.
- 5) Pipette 26 µl of the cell/DNA mixture into a chilled electroporation cuvette without introducing bubbles. Quickly flick the cuvette downward with your wrist to deposit the cells across the bottom of the well and then electroporate.
- 6) Immediately add 974 µl of Recovery Medium or any other medium of choice to the cuvette, pipette up and down three times to re-suspend the cells. Transfer the cells and Recovery Medium to a culture tube.
- 7) Incubate tubes at 37 °C for 1 hour at 210 rpm.
- 8) Dilute the cells as appropriate then spread 20-200 µl cells onto a pre-warmed selective plate. For the pUC19 control, plate 50 µl of diluted transformants onto an LB plate containing 100 µg/ml ampicillin. Use sterilized spreader or autoclaved ColiRoller™ plating beads to spread evenly.
- 9) Incubate the plates overnight at 37 °C.