High Efficiency GV3101 ElectroComp Agrobacterium

 Catalog #
 Package Size

 1282-12
 12x50 μl

 1282-24
 24x50 μl

Description

Intact Genomics GV3101 ElectroComp Agrobacterium cells are optimized for the highest transformation efficiencies which is ideal for applications requiring high transformation efficiencies, such as with cDNA or gDNA library construction.

The GV3101 strain contains T-DNA located in its own Tiplasmid making it capable of integration into plant chromosomal. Therefore, it is used for Agrobacterium--mediated genetic transformation of Arabidopsis thaliana, tobacco, corn, potato, and other plants.

Specifications

Competent cell type: Electrocompetent Species: A. tumefaciens Strain: GV3101

Format: Tubes

Transformation efficiency: $\geq 1 \times 10^7 \text{ cfu/µg}$

pCAMBIA1391z DNA

Blue/white screening: No Shipping condition: Dry ice

Reagents Needed for One Reaction

GV3101 ElectroComp Agrobacterium: 25 µl DNA (pCAMBIA1391z, 500 pg/µl): 1 µl Recovery medium: 1 ml

Storage

GV3101 ElectroComp Agrobacterium: -80 °C pCAMBIA1391z control DNA: -20 °C Recovery medium: 4 °C

Quality Control

Transformation efficiency is tested by using the pCAM-BIA1391z control DNA supplied with the kit and using the protocol in this manual. Transformation efficiency should be $\geq 1 \times 10^7 \, \text{CFU/\mug}$ pCAMBIA1391z DNA. Untransformed cells are tested for appropriate antibiotic sensitivity.

General Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when using GV3101 Electro-Comp Agrobacterium:

- Handle competent cells gently as they are highly sensitive to changes in temperature or mechanical lysis caused by pipetting.
- Thaw competent cells on ice, and transform cells immediately following thawing. After adding DNA, mix by tapping the tube gently. Do not mix cells by pipetting or vortexing.

Note: A high-voltage electroporation apparatus such as Bio-Rad Gene Pulser II #165-2105, capable of generating field strengths of 16 kV/cm is required.

Calculation of Transformation Efficiency

Transformation Efficiency (TE) is defined as the number of colony forming units (cfu) produced by transforming 1µg of plasmid into a given volume of competent cells.

TE = Colonies/µg/Plated

Transform 1 µl of (500 pg/µl) pCAMBIA1391z control plasmid into 25 µl of cells, add 974 µl of Recovery Medium. Recover for 3 hours and plate 100 µl. Count the colonies on the plate in two days. If you count 500 colonies, the TE is calculated as follows:

Colonies = 500 µg of DNA = 0.0005 Dilution = 100/1000 = 0.1 TE = 500/.0005/.1 = 1x10⁷

Transformation Protocol

Use this procedure to transform GV3101 ElectroComp Agrobacterium. Do not use these cells for chemically transformation.

- 1) Place sterile cuvettes and microcentrifuge tubes on ice.
- 2) Remove competent cells from the -80 °C freezer and thaw completely on wet ice (10-15 minutes).

- Aliquot 1 μI (10pg -1 μg) of DNA to the chilled microcentrifuge tubes on ice.
- 4) When the cells are thawed, add 25 μl of cells to each DNA tube on ice and mix gently by tapping 4-5 times. For the pCAMBIA1391z control, add 1 μl of (500 pg/ μl) DNA to the 25 μl of cells on ice. Mix well by tapping. Do not pipette up and down or vortex to mix, this can harm cells and decrease transformation efficiency.
- 5) Pipette 26 µI of the cell/DNA mixture into a chilled electroporation cuvette without introducing bubbles. Quickly flick the cuvette downward with your wrist to deposit the cells across the bottom of the well and then electroporate.
- 6) Immediately add 976 µI of Recovery Medium or any other medium of choice to the cuvette, pipette up and down three times to re-suspend the cells. Transfer the cells and Recovery Medium to an Eppendorf tube.
- Incubate tubes at 30 °C for 3 hours at 200 RPM.
- 8) Dilute the cells as appropriate then spread 20-200 µl cells onto a pre-warmed selective plate. For the pCAMBIA1391z control, you may plate 50 µl of diluted transformants onto a YT plate containing 30 µg/ml gentamycin and 50 µg/ml kanamycin. Use sterilized spreader or autoclaved ColiRoller™ plating beads to spread evenly.
- 9) Incubate the plates for 2 3 days at 30 °C.

Electroportation settings

Mode Exponential protocol

Voltage (V) 2,500 V
Capacitance 25 uFD
Resistance 400 Ohms
Cuvette 2 mm